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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/089,149	03/27/2002	Tsutomu Nakada	221180US2PCT	9792	
22850 759	22850 7590 03/11/2005			EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			PENDLETON, BRIAN T		
	ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2644		

DATE MAILED: 03/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/089,149	NAKADA, TSUTOMU			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Brian T. Pendleton	2644			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Ma	arch 2002.	•			
	action is non-final.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 27 March 2002 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau 	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maki et al, US Patent 6,128,517 in view of John et al, US Patent Application Publication 2002/0091335. Maki discloses an optical system for measuring the cerebral circulation blood flow of an user comprising a probe section having radiation fibers 5a, 5b and light receiving fibers 7a - 7d, a control device 11 which is coupled to a laser light source 2a – 2d through an inherent lead wire, photodetectors 8a-8f acting as optical detectors connected to the fibers 7a-7d, the control device 11 having means for detecting a change in cerebral circulation based on the data output from the probes on the user. Maki does not disclose converting the change in cerebral circulation blood flow to sound pulses by a sound source device, a pair of lead wires and receivers connected to the sound source device and auscultation is performed based on the sound pulses. John discloses a brain stethoscope in figures 2 and 3 comprising a patient having electrodes 50 placed on the head and transmitting data from the electrodes to a hand-held receiver 60 having earphones 68. As disclosed in paragraphs 73 and 74, a series of tones based on the brain activity of the patient is generated in the earphones 68. Auscultation is done based on the intensity of the sequence of the tones. Thus, John discloses a sound source device for converting brain activity to sound pulses, receivers connected to the sound source device and auscultation performed based on the

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sound pulses. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify Maki, per the teachings of John, creating a for the purpose of generating an audible tone of cerebral circulation blood which can improve the time for accurate assessment of cerebral blood flow activity. Claims 1 and 5 are met. As to claim 2, the combination provides for two wavelengths.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maki in view of John as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Chance, US Patent 6,708,048. The combination of Maki and John does not disclose three wavelengths. Chance discloses a spectrophotometer for determining the concentration of hemoglobin in biological tissue comprising light sources 22a-22c having three wavelengths. Thus, it was well known and practiced in the art to use three wavelengths in the art of oxymetry. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include a third wavelength in the combination of Maki and John for the purpose of improving the precision of measurement. As to claim 4, one of ordinary skill in the art would have included the claimed specific wavelengths without undue experimentation as they represented appropriate wavelengths for the parameter being measured.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Tobler et al, US Patent 6,285,896.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian T. Pendleton whose telephone number is (703) 305-9509. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7-4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on (703) 305-4040. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Brian T. Pendleton Examiner Art Unit 2644

btp

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